



Pilbara Habitats and Biodiversity Characterisation and Mapping: Seabed and Reefs

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Objectives



Characterise regional patterns of habitats & biodiversity

Specific objectives:

- Acquire available existing data and conduct an initial biophysical characterisation of the west Pilbara region
- **Survey** spatial patterns of biodiversity of **seabed** and **reef** ecosystems across the entire west Pilbara region
- Analyse data to characterise & map the biodiversity of the west Pilbara region
- → information to inform the design of sampling in the PMCP Coral Reef Health and Fish & Sharks projects





1. Seabed Habitats, Biodiversity and Characterisation



Predictor value





CSIRO R/V Linneaus: video + some sleds

WA Fisheries R/V Naturaliste: trawls + most sleds



Characterisation of biodiversity: 1943 samples collected from 14 taxonomic groups





Video: Substratum habitat





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Sorting & identifications completed:

Group	Sorting & Identifications	No of Samples	OTUs/species
Crustaceans	CSIRO/WAM	125	201
Fish	CSIRO/WAM	219	202
Molluscs	CSIRO/WAM	196	191
Hard corals	CSIRO/WAM	68	47
Soft corals	CSIRO/WAM	114	111
Sponges	CSIRO/WAM	135	303
Plants	CSIRO/Murdoch	118	75
Echinoderms	CSIRO/WAM/VicM	487	170

Regional seabed biodiversity characterisation

• Sponges dominated the biomass and were most diverse.



Example species distribution prediction maps

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Example species distribution prediction maps

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Regional bio-physical characterisation









- Sampling, sorting & identifications completed:
 - Video: 125 sites characterized 10 substratum & 22 biological habitat types

Regional seabed biodiversity characterization

- Sled: 111 sites, 1157 species/taxa, 4982 records
- Trawl: 43 sites, 427 species/taxa, 1072 records
- Perhaps >35 new species
- Final analyses completed:
 - Modelled and mapped distributions and abundance of ~185 species/taxa
 - Bio-physical analyses identified & mapped 10 assemblages/eco-regions
 - important variables: sea surface temperature, bottom temperature, nutrients, salinity, current stress, chlorophyll, oxygen, light, sediments, turbidity, productivity
- Final Report completed early 2016.





2. Reef Habitats, Biodiversity and Characterisation







- Habitat surveys, 3 trips in 2013 and 2014

 photos ~0.5m on short transects, points analysis
- Algal weights, 4 trips in 2013 and 2014

 Extractions from quadrats on long transects
- Underwater visual census, 2 trips in 2014
 cover of corals, algae & seagrass on long transects
- Macroinvertebrates, 2 trips in 2013 and 2014

 counts in 25m × 1m transects
- Fish UVC, 6 trips in 2013 and 2014
 - counts of larger fish on long transects (100m × 10m)
 - counts of smaller fish on short transects (25m × 5m)



Reef survey methods



UVC Transects



Biomass quadrats







• Summary of data collected:

Survey type	Number of Sites	Number of Species
Algae coverage	71	21
Algae weight	75	47
Coral coverage	71	10
Fish long transect	92	236
Fish short transect	92	236
Habitat 'species'	85	209
Habitat broad group	85	8
Macroinvertebrate family	70	22
Macroinvertebrate species	70	46



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Example reefs predicted distribution maps









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Example reefs predicted distribution maps









Reefs bio-physical characterisation





Longitude (°)



Habitats and Biodiversity Characterisation and Mapping



MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS

The outputs can assist with management questions such as:

Is the positioning and scale of **current MPA networks** and no-take zones providing comprehensive, adequate and representative protection for marine benthic species, assemblages and habitats?

What should be the size and location of **other spatial management** zones in the region?

Are **proposed development areas** unique in terms of their biodiversity and habitat values, or for any key threatened species?

How do **anthropogenic risk factors map** across various habitats and biodiversity values in the region, including marine parks?



Acknowledgements



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